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WYOMING LABOR FORCE TRENDS

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Big Growth, Big Changes Reported in CES

by Gregg Detweiler

Wyoming Department of Employment **Current Establishment Survey (CES)** monthly Total Nonagricultural Employment stood at 211,800, in June 1991. This marks the highest employment for June since 1985 when it was recorded at 212,000. But how have we changed?

Few people seem aware that Manufacturing has shown the fastest rate of growth over the past few years: 21.3 percent positive growth from June 1985 to June 1991. With this increase of 1,700 in employment in Manufacturing, we have also seen the nominal average annual salary increase from $20,346 in 1985 to $23,244 in 1990. (For a discussion of fourth quarter 1990 earnings growth--see "Billion $" Pg. 3)

In comparing 1985 and 1991, however, we have seen Wyoming's labor market shift dramatically from a Goods-producing State (Mining, Mfg, Construction) to a Service-producing State (Transportation, Finance, Trade, etc.).

In June 1985, employment in the Services Sector accounted for 17.4 percent of Total Nonagricultural Employment compared to 20.6 percent, in June 1991. This increase of 6,800 jobs (18.5%) reflects the largest growth in employment in all of the major industries. Tourism, technology, and population change are contributing factors to the growth in the Services Sector.

While employment in Services grew from 1985, the annual average salary dropped in Services from $15,579 in 1985 to $14,872 in 1990.

Government, in June 1991, showed a gain of 5,900 jobs (11.7%) compared to June 1985 and accounted for 26.7 percent of the total compared to 23.9 percent, in 1985. State Government added 1,400 jobs over the six-year period. Over 70 percent of total growth in State Government can be

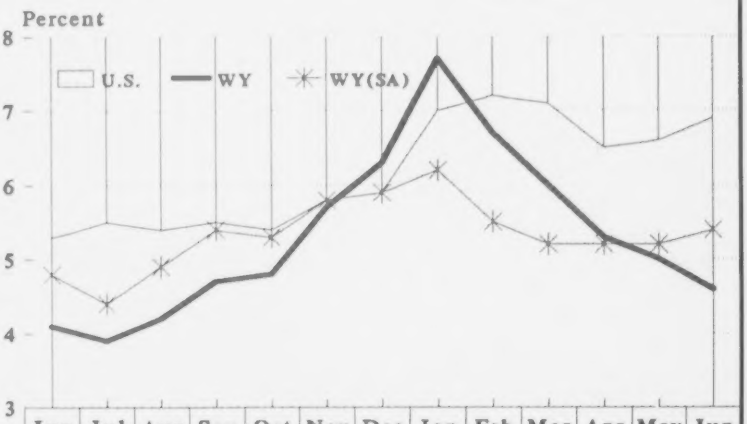
CES Annual Averages, 1985 and 1991

	JUN 85		JUN 91		NET CHNG	% CHNG
TOTAL NONAG EMPLOYMENT	212.0	% Total	211.8	% Total	-0.2	-0.1
Mining	25.3	11.9	18.9	8.9	-6.4	-25.3
Construction	19.2	9.1	13.2	6.2	-6.0	-31.3
Manufacturing	8.0	3.8	9.7	4.6	1.7	21.3
Trans. & Public Util.	15.2	7.2	14.6	6.9	-0.6	-4.0
Trade	48.5	22.9	48.0	22.7	-0.5	-1.0
Wholesale Trade	9.4	4.4	7.1	3.4	-2.3	-24.5
Retail Trade	39.1	18.4	40.9	19.3	1.8	4.6
Fin., Ins., & Real Est.	8.4	4.0	7.3	3.4	-1.1	-13.1
Services	36.8	17.4	43.6	20.6	6.8	18.5
Government	50.6	23.9	56.5	26.7	5.9	11.7
Federal Government	7.9	3.7	8.0	3.8	0.1	1.3
State Government	12.4	5.8	13.8	6.5	1.4	11.3
Local Government	30.3	14.3	34.7	16.4	4.4	14.5

Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rate, 6/90-6/91

The rate of unemployment (number unemployed as a percent of labor force) fluctuates seasonally due to predictable changes in weather, production schedules, opening/closing of schools, etc. Statistically removing the effects of seasonality from the actual unemployment rate permits us to determine whether or not the actual rate for the month is higher or lower than one would normally expect.

(SA Rate BMK 2/90. Complete series available on request.)



	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
WY(SA)	4.8	4.4	4.9	5.4	5.3	5.8	5.9	6.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.4
WY	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.7	4.8	5.7	6.3	7.7	6.7	6	5.3	5	4.6
U.S.	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.8	5.9	7	7.2	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.9

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attributed to state education, health & social services, and charity organizations. Both the rate of growth and number of new jobs were greater in Local Government. County hospitals; schools/colleges; and land, wildlife, & forest conservation agencies accounted for 60 percent of the total growth.

Finally, although these observations are generally illustrative of the way Wyoming is changing, we have only discussed two points in time. The trend will receive further analysis in the future.

Jobs . . .

Wyoming Department of Employment monthly Total Nonagricultural Employment stood at 211,800, in June 1991--an increase of 8,000 jobs (3.9%) from May and an annual increase of 2,900 jobs (1.4%) from June 1990. This marks the **highest employment for June since 1985** when it was recorded at 212,000.

Employment in the Goods-producing Sector totaled 41,800, in June of 1991, up 2,400 jobs (6.1%) from the prior month's total and up 1,400 jobs (3.5%) over the year. In the Mining Sector, Coal Mining reported an increase of 100 jobs (2.1%) over the month and an increase of 200 jobs (4.3%) over the year. Oil & Gas Extraction recorded an increase of 400 jobs (4.6%) from May and an annual increase of 200 jobs (2.2%) from June 1990. Construction employment rose by 1,300 jobs (10.9%) over the month and 700 jobs (5.6%) over the year. All three sectors in the construction industry experienced employment growth in June. Firms in Manufacturing reported a monthly increase of 500 jobs (5.4%) and an annual increase of 300 jobs (3.2%).

Employment in the Service-producing Sector increased to 170,000, in June 1991. This figure reflects an increase of 5,600 jobs (3.4%) from May and an increase of 1,500 jobs (0.9%) over the year. Retail Trade showed a gain of 2,300 jobs (6.0%) over the month and accounted for almost 30 percent of the growth in Total Nonagricultural Employment, in June 1991. Eating & Drinking Establishments (+1,200) and Automotive Dealers (+300) produced the largest gains in the Retail Trade industry. In Services, Hotel & Other Lodging Places (+3,000) and Amusements/Recreation (+600) accounted for 86 percent of the job growth in the Services industry and 45 percent of the growth in Total Nonagricultural Employment. Other monthly gains were reported in Transportation & Public Utilities (+200) and Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate (+200). Government reported a 1,500 decrease (-2.6%) as teachers and other faculty members prepared for their summer vacations.

Labor Force . . .

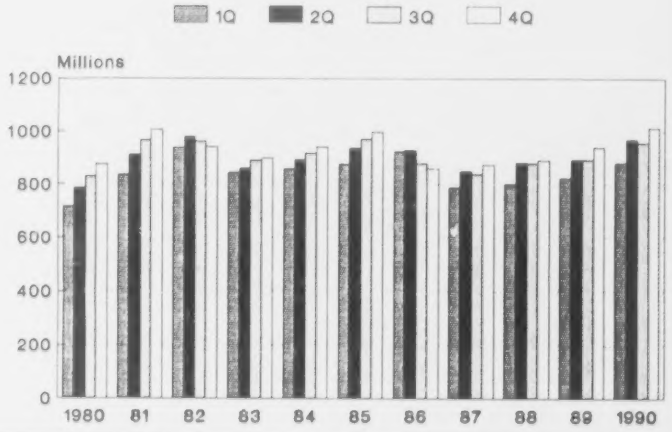
by Gordon Wolford

The Wyoming Seasonally Adjusted, June unemployment rate (5.4%) was up over both May (5.2%) and June 1990 (4.8%). The national June rate was also up, at 7.0 percent, compared to 6.9 and 5.3 percent the previous month and year. Second Quarter 1991 average unemployment for Wyoming (5.3%) continued substantially less than the 6.8 percent national recession-driven rate.

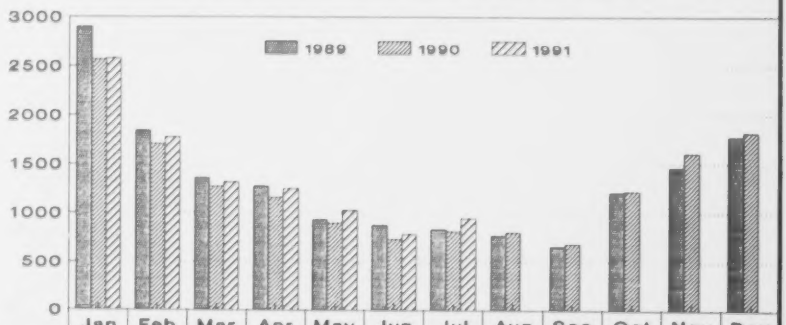
Wyoming's unadjusted unemployment rate stood at 4.6 percent, in June, following 5.0 and 4.1 percent the previous month and year, respectively. In June, over three quarters of the counties (18) reflected the statewide trend, posting higher unemployment than last year.

Teton and Uinta counties registered the lowest and highest rates: 1.4 and 6.9 percent, respectively. Natrona County had the most unemployed (1,658) with an unemployment rate of 5.3 percent. This compared to Laramie County, the Cheyenne area, with 1,352 unemployed (3.7%). County rates are not adjusted for seasonality and compare to the statewide rate of 4.6 percent.

Wyoming UI Covered Total Payrolls;
80:1Q - 90:4Q



New UI Claims, Statewide; 1/89-7/91



	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1989	2898	1838	1349	1273	929	872	824	787	655	1210	1455	1776
1990	2561	1701	1270	1160	898	734	814	799	686	1221	1607	1820
1991	2577	1773	1310	1251	1024	783	947					

90:4Q Covered Wages over Billion $

by Nancy Boyle

Fourth quarter 1990 total Unemployment Insurance (UI) covered payrolls in Wyoming reached $1,014,934,910. During Wyoming's boom years fourth quarter 1981, payrolls stood at $1,007,741,108. Total wages increased by $73.5 million (7.8%) in nominal dollars over the fourth quarter of 1989 (table, facing page). Once the effect of inflation is removed ("deflated", via CPI-U), total payrolls increased in "real" dollars by 1.6 percent. In other words, compared to the same period one year ago there were $11.7 million (1.6%) additional "real" dollars available for personal spending, Christmas purchases, worker debt retirement, and growth in savings.

Covered jobs worked increased by 5,361 (2.9%) compared to fourth quarter 1989. As shown in the accompanying table, the greatest over-the-year percentage increases were in the Southwest Region (4.8%), Nonclassified (3.7%), and the Central Region (3.4%). Counties with greatest over-the-year change included Teton (8.9%), Big Horn (7.3%), Uinta (5.4%), Albany (5.3%), Crook (5.2%), and Sweetwater (5.2%). Counties with job losses (over-the-year percentage changes) were Sublette (-9.9%), Converse (-4.3%), Niobrara (-1.2%), and Goshen (-1.1%). Numerically, the greatest over-the-year employment increases were in the counties of Natrona (1,256), Teton (726), and Albany (632).

The nominal dollar fourth quarter 1990 average weekly wage per job was $407 as compared to $388 in the fourth quarter 1989--a 4.8 percent increase. Deflated, the average weekly wage per job decreased 1.2 percent. The decrease could have been caused by any combination of: higher rates of job turnover, pay scales failing to keep pace with inflation, and/or an increase in the number of part-time jobs. The available data does not permit us to determine which factor, or combination of factors, was most significant in the decrease in real earnings per job.

The Christmas Season...

Fourth quarter 1990 covered the Christmas shopping season, continuation of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, Desert Shield, and the heart of the national recession. The recently released UI covered employer's payroll data reveals that employment and earnings among Wyoming's retail trade establishments increased by 2.8% and 8.3%, respectively. These rates of growth are not significantly different from Christmas seasons during the past three years.

Full & Part-time UI Covered and Federal Jobs Worked, Total Payrolls and Average Weekly Wage, by County

	1990:4Q Average Emp	1989:4Q Average Emp	% Change	1990:4Q Total Payrolls	1989:4Q Total Payrolls	% Change	1990:4Q Average Wkly Wage	1989:4Q Average Wkly Wage	% Change
TOTAL	191,986	186,625	2.9%	$1,014,934,910	$941,417,568	7.8%	$407	$388	4.8%
NORTHWEST	29,786	29,192	2.0%	139,580,951	131,180,384	6.4%	$360	$346	4.3%
BIG HORN	3,351	3,123	7.3%	14,790,324	13,573,795	9.0%	339	334	1.6%
FREMONT	11,988	11,771	1.8%	54,193,510	50,404,544	7.5%	348	329	5.7%
HOT SPRINGS	1,941	1,930	0.6%	8,635,690	8,331,907	3.6%	342	332	3.1%
PARK	9,184	9,160	0.3%	44,878,533	42,921,851	4.6%	376	360	4.4%
WASHAKIE	3,322	3,208	3.5%	17,082,894	15,948,287	7.1%	396	382	3.6%
NORTHEAST	29,614	28,834	2.7%	$162,593,224	$151,505,308	7.3%	$422	$404	4.5%
CAMPBELL	14,305	14,022	2.0%	97,496,425	89,644,631	8.8%	524	492	6.6%
CROOK	1,672	1,590	5.2%	7,297,880	6,811,255	7.1%	336	329	2.0%
JOHNSON	2,276	2,223	2.4%	8,931,221	8,825,799	1.2%	302	305	-1.0%
SHERIDAN	9,066	8,801	3.0%	39,083,122	36,633,694	6.7%	332	320	3.6%
WESTON	2,294	2,198	4.4%	9,784,576	9,589,929	2.0%	328	336	-2.4%
SOUTHWEST	41,265	39,388	4.8%	$245,382,158	$223,010,464	10.0%	$457	$436	5.0%
LINCOLN	4,363	4,316	1.1%	23,513,697	22,631,012	3.9%	415	403	2.9%
SUBLETTE	1,806	2,005	-9.9%	8,495,769	10,083,594	-15.7%	362	387	-6.5%
SWEETWATER	18,710	17,790	5.2%	125,126,559	115,309,915	8.5%	514	499	3.1%
TETON	8,909	8,183	8.9%	50,017,143	39,915,506	25.3%	432	375	15.2%
UINTA	7,476	7,094	5.4%	38,228,990	35,070,437	9.0%	393	380	3.5%
SOUTHEAST	50,116	49,363	1.5%	$240,111,414	$227,716,053	5.4%	$369	$355	3.9%
ALBANY	12,452	11,820	5.3%	54,323,557	50,469,616	7.6%	336	328	2.3%
GOSHEN	3,820	3,863	-1.1%	15,511,947	14,905,214	4.1%	312	297	5.2%
LARAMIE	30,451	30,336	0.4%	155,053,965	147,722,226	5.0%	392	375	4.4%
NIOBRARA	714	723	-1.2%	2,590,924	2,786,148	-7.0%	279	297	-6.1%
PLATTE	2,678	2,621	2.2%	12,631,021	11,832,849	6.7%	363	347	4.6%
CENTRAL	38,702	37,433	3.4%	$209,292,347	$192,521,140	8.7%	$416	$396	5.1%
CARBON	6,726	6,555	2.6%	33,850,467	30,103,096	12.4%	387	353	9.7%
CONVERSE	3,562	3,720	-4.3%	19,018,997	20,362,717	-6.6%	411	421	-2.4%
NATRONA	28,414	27,158	4.6%	156,422,883	142,055,327	10.1%	423	402	5.3%
NONCLASSIFIED	2,504	2,415	3.7%	17,974,816	15,484,219	16.1%	552	493	12.0%

Table 1--Wyoming Economic Indicators

	JUN 1991 (p)	MAY 1991 (r)	JUN 1990	Percent Change Month	Percent Change Year
Wyoming Total Civilian Labor Force(1)	***249,803***	***244,831***	***252,297***	***2.0***	***-1.0***
Unemployed	11,386	12,212	10,266	-6.8	10.9
Employed	238,417	232,619	242,031	2.5	-1.5
Wyoming Unemployment Rate/Seas. Adj.	4.6%/5.4%	5.0%/5.2%	4.1%/4.8%	N/A	N/A
U.S. Unemployment Rate/Seas. Adj.	6.9%/7.0%	6.6%/6.9%	5.3%/5.3%	N/A	N/A
Wyoming Mining Hours & Earnings					
Average Weekly Earnings	$718.91	$680.16	$675.34	5.7	6.5
Average Weekly Hours	45.3	43.6	45.6	3.9	-0.7
U.S. Mining Hours & Earnings					
Average Weekly Earnings	$641.09	$624.19	$608.28	2.7	5.4
Average Weekly Hours	44.8	44.3	44.4	1.1	0.9
Wyoming Manufacturing Hours & Earnings					
Average Weekly Earnings	$410.99	$414.91	$438.00	-0.9	-6.2
Average Weekly Hours	38.7	38.1	40.0	1.6	-3.2
U.S. Manufacturing Hours & Earnings					
Average Weekly Earnings	$458.49	$449.35	$445.52	2.0	2.9
Average Weekly Hours	40.9	40.3	41.1	1.5	-0.5
Unemployment Insurance					
Claims Filed	12,767	17,105	9,972	-25.4	28.0
Initial Claims	1,805	2,201	1,533	-18.0	17.7
Weeks Compensated	8,873	12,828	7,066	-30.8	25.6
Benefits Paid	$1,378,891	$1,995,070	$1,064,648	-30.9	29.5
Average Weekly Benefit Payment	$154.78	$155.27	$150.02	-0.3	3.2
State Insured Covered Jobs (1)	197,634	187,316	191,304	5.5	3.3
Wyoming Insured Unemployment Rate	1.5%	2.0%	1.2%	N/A	N/A
Employment Service					
Applications Received	4,829	4,684	4,087	3.1	18.2
Openings Received	5,133	3,347	6,519	53.4	-21.3
Individuals Placed	3,025	1,539	2,644	96.6	14.4
Placement Transactions	4,886	2,568	4,589	90.3	6.5
Consumer Price Index (U) for All Urban Consumers (1982 to 1984 = 100)					
All Items	136.0	135.6	129.9	0.3	4.7
Food and Beverage	137.7	137.3	131.7	0.3	4.6
Housing	133.4	132.8	128.3	0.5	4.0
Apparel & Upkeep	126.9	129.4	123.3	-1.9	2.9
Transportation	123.7	123.3	118.2	0.3	4.7
Medical Care	176.2	175.2	161.9	0.6	8.8
Entertainment	138.1	137.8	131.9	0.2	4.7
Other Goods & Services	170.0	169.1	157.8	0.5	7.7
Producer Prices (1982 to 1984 = 100)					
All Commodities	116.3	116.5	114.3	-0.2	1.7

(p) Preliminary (r) Revised (1) Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program estimates (2) Initial Claims include: New, Transitional, and Additional Claims

Glossary of Commonly Used Terms

Application Received (ref. ES, Table 1, Monthly)--Applications for employment received by the Employment Service at Job Service community offices.

Average Hourly Earnings in Mining and Manufacturing (Table 1, Monthly)--Average hourly earnings are obtained by dividing the total payroll by total hours worked. The earnings reflect hourly incentive wage rates including premium pay for overtime work and shift differentials for production workers only. Data for this statistic are collected through the Current Employment Statistics survey.

Civilian Labor Force ("CLF," Table 2, Monthly)--The CLF is an estimate of all civilian non-institutionalized persons 16 years of age and over who are classified as employed or unemployed and seeking employment.

Consumer Price Index ("CPI," Table 1, Monthly)--The CPI is an index measuring changes over time in price of a predetermined market basket of goods and services. Most goods and services are covered in the market basket, as well as sales and excise taxes. Used to compare changes in costs--not relative costs of living--between periods and regions.

Initial Claim (ref. UI, Table 1, Monthly)--The first Claim filed to request a determination of entitlement to and eligibility for unemployment compensation.

Continued Weeks (ref. UI, Table 1)--The weeks covered by unemployment insurance for which a waiting period credit or payment of compensation is requested.

Covered Employment and Earnings (ref. R&P, Table 1, Monthly, Quarterly Features)--Covered employment and earnings refers to the count of employees and wages from all employers subject to state and federal unemployment insurance laws. Covered employment refers to jobs worked; a person may be covered by more than one employer.

Current Employment Statistics ("CES," Table 3, Monthly)--The CES program produces estimates of jobs worked and, hours and earnings in selected industries from a sample survey of establishments operating in Wyoming.

Current Population Survey ("CPS")--CPS is the monthly survey of households used to estimate the number of persons employed or unemployed (CLF) and to calculate the unemployment rate.

Employment Service ("ES," Table 1, Monthly)

Individuals Placed (ref. ES, Table 1, Monthly)--The count of the number of persons Job Service placed in job openings.

Table 2--Civilian Labor Force and Unemployment; National, Statewide, Regional, and Counties

REGION / COUNTY	Labor Force JUN 1991 (p)	Labor Force MAY 1991 (r)	Labor Force JUN 1990	Unemployed Number JUN 1991	Unemployed Number MAY 1991	Unemployed Number JUN 1990	Unemployment Rates JUN 1991	Unemployment Rates MAY 1991	Unemployment Rates JUN 1990
Northwest	*43,272*	*42,243*	*44,774*	*1,993*	*2,203*	*1,977*	*4.6*	*5.2*	*4.4*
Big Horn	5,435	5,406	5,412	276	331	276	5.1	6.1	5.1
Fremont	15,193	15,830	15,969	897	925	877	5.9	5.8	5.5
Hot Springs	2,704	2,668	2,921	139	97	95	5.1	3.6	3.3
Park	15,391	13,831	15,934	492	622	543	3.2	4.5	3.4
Washakie	4,549	4,508	4,538	189	228	186	4.2	5.1	4.1
Northeast	*39,200*	*39,503*	*39,842*	*1,750*	*2,141*	*1,700*	*4.5*	*5.4*	*4.3*
Campbell	16,394	16,826	16,358	877	1,149	877	5.3	6.8	5.4
Crook	3,033	2,902	3,062	86	71	79	2.8	2.4	2.6
Johnson	3,503	3,395	3,760	126	166	127	3.6	4.9	3.4
Sheridan	13,257	13,129	13,487	553	615	450	4.2	4.7	3.3
Weston	3,013	3,251	3,175	108	140	167	3.6	4.3	5.3
Southwest	*56,351*	*51,274*	*55,591*	*2,783*	*2,648*	*2,361*	*4.9*	*5.2*	*4.2*
Lincoln	6,330	6,023	6,234	427	366	337	6.7	6.1	5.4
Sublette	2,869	2,667	3,005	51	77	89	1.8	2.9	3.0
Sweetwater	21,524	21,604	20,881	1,398	1,190	1,250	6.5	5.5	6.0
Teton	15,673	11,269	15,227	217	284	181	1.4	2.5	1.2
Uinta	9,955	9,711	10,244	690	731	504	6.9	7.5	4.9
Southeast	*65,669*	*66,535*	*66,316*	*2,385*	*2,640*	*2,190*	*3.6*	*4.0*	*3.3*
Albany	17,304	17,469	16,528	485	615	380	2.8	3.5	2.3
Goshen	6,074	6,104	6,246	209	243	192	3.4	4.0	3.1
Laramie	36,078	36,751	37,325	1,352	1,547	1,323	3.7	4.2	3.5
Niobrara	1,556	1,561	1,566	61	50	44	3.9	3.2	2.8
Platte	4,657	4,650	4,651	278	185	251	6.0	4.0	5.4
Central	*45,310*	*45,275*	*45,776*	*2,476*	*2,581*	*2,038*	*5.5*	*5.7*	*4.5*
Carbon	8,698	8,187	8,572	520	462	369	6.0	5.6	4.3
Converse	5,156	5,049	5,254	298	269	253	5.8	5.3	4.8
Natrona	31,456	32,039	31,950	1,658	1,850	1,416	5.3	5.8	4.4
Statewide	*249,803*	*244,831*	*252,297*	*11,386*	*12,212*	*10,266*	*4.6*	*5.0*	*4.1*
Statewide Seasonally Adjusted							*5.4*	*5.2*	*4.8*
U.S.							*6.9*	*6.6*	*5.3*
U.S. Seasonally Adjusted							*7.0*	*6.9*	*5.3*

Prepared in cooperation with Bureau of Labor Statistics. Benchmarked 02/89, Run Date 1/91.
(p) Preliminary (r) Revised
NOTE: The 1990 annual average unemployment rate for Wyoming was estimated at 5.4 percent. A 90 percent confidence interval around this estimate, if based on a complete census of the population, suggests that in 9 out of 10 cases the actual rate would fall between 4.7 and 6.1 percent (BLS Bulletin 2381, June 1991).

Table 3--Wyoming Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

	Employment in Thousands			Percent Change Total Employment	
	JUN 91(p)	MAY 91(r)	JUN 90	MAY 91 JUN 91	JUN 90 JUN 91
*TOTAL NONAG. WAGE & SALARY EMPLOYMENT**	*211.8*	*203.8*	*208.9*	*3.9*	*1.4*
TOTAL GOODS PRODUCING	41.8	39.4	40.4	6.1	3.5
Mining	18.9	18.3	18.5	3.3	2.2
Coal Mining	4.9	4.8	4.7	2.1	4.3
Oil & Gas Extraction	9.1	8.7	8.9	4.6	2.2
Crude Petrol-Natural Gas	3.5	3.5	3.6	0.0	-2.8
Oil & Gas Field Services	5.6	5.2	5.3	7.7	5.7
Nonmetallic Minerals	4.2	4.1	4.1	2.4	2.4
Construction	13.2	11.9	12.5	10.9	5.6
General Building Contractors	2.6	2.2	2.3	18.2	13.0
Heavy Construction	4.9	4.5	4.8	8.9	2.1
Special Trade Construction	5.7	5.2	5.4	9.6	5.6
Manufacturing	9.7	9.2	9.4	5.4	3.2
Durable Goods	4.5	4.2	4.4	7.1	2.3
Nondurable Goods	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0
Printing & Publishing	1.9	1.9	1.8	0.0	5.6
Petroleum & Coal Products	1.3	1.2	1.3	8.3	0.0
TOTAL SERVICE PRODUCING	170.0	164.4	168.5	3.4	0.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	14.6	14.4	14.6	1.4	0.0
Transportation	8.8	8.6	8.8	2.3	0.0
Railroad Transportation	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	-3.6
Trucking & Warehousing	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.7	0.0
Communications	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Telephone Communications	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.0	8.3
Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0
Electric Services	2.4	2.3	2.4	4.3	0.0
Trade	48.0	45.5	47.0	5.5	2.1
Wholesale Trade	7.1	6.9	7.0	2.9	1.4
Durable Goods	3.7	3.6	3.7	2.8	0.0
Nondurable Goods	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.0
Retail Trade	40.9	38.6	40.0	6.0	2.3
Builg. Matls. & Garden Supply	1.4	1.3	1.3	7.7	7.7
General Merchandise Stores	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.3	11.6
Department Stores	2.9	2.9	2.3	0.0	26.1
Food Stores	5.5	5.3	5.5	3.8	0.0
Auto. Dlrs. & Service Stations	7.0	6.7	6.9	4.5	1.4
Gas Stations	3.8	3.6	3.8	5.6	0.0
Apparel & Accessory Stores	1.5	1.4	1.5	7.1	0.0
Furniture & Home Furn. Stores	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Eating & Drinking Places	15.5	14.3	15.3	8.4	1.3
Miscellaneous Retail	4.2	4.0	4.2	5.0	0.0
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	7.3	7.1	7.4	2.8	-1.4
Depos-Nondepos & Security Brkrs.	3.9	3.9	4.0	0.0	-2.5
Depository Institutions	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.0	-2.9
Insurance	1.6	1.5	1.6	6.7	0.0
Services	43.6	39.4	42.9	10.7	1.6
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	11.7	8.7	11.4	34.5	2.6
Personal Services	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Business Services	4.3	4.0	4.2	7.5	2.4
Automotive & Misc. Repair Svcs.	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Amusements (Rec.Svcs.& Mot.Pics.)	2.9	2.3	2.9	26.1	0.0
Health Services	7.8	7.7	7.7	1.3	1.3
Offices of Doctors of Medicine	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0
Legal Services	1.1	1.0	1.1	10.0	0.0
Social Services	3.2	3.3	3.1	-3.0	3.2
Membership Organizations	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0
Engineering & Management	2.3	2.2	2.3	4.5	0.0
Government	56.5	58.0	56.6	-2.6	-0.2
Total Federal Government	8.0	7.4	8.4	8.1	-4.8
Department of Defense	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
Total State Government	13.8	14.2	13.6	-2.8	1.5
State Education	5.2	5.6	5.0	-7.1	4.0
Total Local Government	34.7	36.4	34.6	-4.7	0.3
Local Hospitals	4.3	4.3	4.4	0.0	-2.3
Local Education	18.1	21.0	18.1	-13.8	0.0

Table 3 (cont'd)--Wyoming Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

	Employment in Thousands			Percent Change Total Employment	
				MAY 91	JUN 90
LARAMIE COUNTY	JUN 91(p)	MAY 91(r)	JUN 90	JUN 91	JUN 91
TOTAL NONAG WAGE & SALARY EMPLOYMENT	33.0	32.4	32.7	1.9	0.9
TOTAL GOODS PRODUCING	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.4	0.0
Mining & Construction	1.6	1.5	1.6	6.7	0.0
Manufacturing	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
TOTAL SERVICE PRODUCING	30.0	29.5	29.7	1.7	1.0
Transportation and Public Util.	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0
Trade	7.3	7.1	7.2	2.8	1.4
Wholesale Trade	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	6.5	6.3	6.5	3.2	0.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	2.0	1.9	2.0	5.3	0.0
Services	6.8	6.7	6.8	1.5	0.0
Total Government	10.7	10.6	10.5	0.9	1.9
Federal Government	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.8	0.0
State Government	3.5	3.5	3.4	0.0	2.9
Local Government	4.5	4.4	4.4	2.3	2.3
*NATRONA COUNTY**					
TOTAL NONAG WAGE & SALARY EMPLOYMENT	29.7	29.3	29.2	1.4	1.7
TOTAL GOODS PRODUCING	6.2	6.0	5.9	3.3	5.1
Manufacturing	1.8	1.8	1.7	0.0	5.9
Mining	2.6	2.5	2.4	4.0	8.3
Oil & Gas Extraction	2.4	2.3	2.3	4.3	4.3
Construction	1.8	1.7	1.8	5.9	0.0
TOTAL SERVICE PRODUCING	23.5	23.3	23.3	0.9	0.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	1.7	1.8	1.7	-5.6	0.0
Transportation	1.0	1.1	1.0	-9.1	0.0
Communications & Public Utilities	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Trade	8.1	8.0	8.0	1.2	1.2
Wholesale Trade	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	6.0	5.9	5.9	1.7	1.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
Services	6.8	6.8	6.8	0.0	0.0
Personal & Business Services	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
Health Services	2.2	2.1	2.1	4.8	4.8
Government	5.5	5.3	5.4	3.8	1.9
Local Government	4.0	3.9	3.9	2.6	2.6
Local Education	2.5	2.5	2.4	0.0	4.2

* Published in cooperation with Bureau of Labor Statistics

(1) Estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the week which includes the 12th of the month. Self-employeds, domestic services, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded.

(p) Subject to revision

(r) Revised

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